

Revision questions on the edderm101:core diseases.



Audio track answers are [here](https://soundcloud.com/user-40888762/sets/edderm101). The URL for the audio answers is:
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Questions on Chapter 13: Infections and infestations

1. Is there staph infection on the skin in impetigo? And in SSSS?
2. Is impetigo always due to staph?
3. What is the difference between a pustule and folliculitis?
4. Name four causes of folliculitis?
5. You take a swab from the pus in an area of folliculitis. The lab say there is no growth. What may be the explanation (apart from error)?
6. Name some dermatological hazards of blue-jeans and hot tubs.
7. What is a kerion?
8. Why is the term 'ringworm' appropriate for some tinea infections?
9. A patient has onychomycosis. Would you prescribe topical treatments?
10. What is tinea incognito?
11. What is the basis for the phrase: 'Candida is better than most physicians at recognising when a patient is not well'?
12. What are satellite lesions, and what disease to they point to?
13. Your friendly microbiologist tells you over lunch that one of your patients has spaghetti and meatballs. What is she on about?
14. The black specks on viral warts reflect what?
15. What family of viruses cause common warts?
16. What virus lesions like to tan?
17. Name two treatment modalities for common warts?
18. Will vaccination against the HPV that cause cervical cancer be expected to reduce common wart infection?
19. A middle aged man, who has lived in sub-saharan Africa most of his life, presents to you with a particular pox virus infection of his skin. Explain what you are thinking.
20. What is eczema herpeticum, and what does it look like. How will you treat it?
21. Is there a difference in risk between a primary varicella infection in pregnancy, and an episode of shingles in pregnancy? (if you do not know, see chapter 20)
22. What are the particular risks of zoster affecting the first branch of the trigeminal nerve?
23. Where do you see nodules in scabies?
24. Why do you think identification of the mite is so crucial in a patient suspected of having scabies?
25. Do you need to treat the relatives of a patient with scabies? Which ones? What about children or boy or girl friends? Justify your response.
26. Why are pruritic rashes that are thought to be scabies often therapeutic or diagnostic problems?
27. Is head shaving still a useful treatment for pediculosis capitis?
28. In a patient with pediculosis corporis: what do you treat?
29. What are the key distinguishing features of cellulitis versus differentials?